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# THE CITIZEN

Devoted to the Interests of the Mountain People

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Our Threefold Aim: To give the News of Berea and Vicinity; To Record the Happenings of Berea College; To be of Interest to all the Mountain People.

## Opening of Berea's Winter Term, December 29

Most Successful Term in the History of the Institution Just Closed  
—Splendid Outlook for Next Term—This School  
Has Many Attractions.

Berea College is joyful over the great triumph of the Fall Term. Our student body has been transplanted, as it were, from the restless, unsettled and discontented world into the elysian fields of self-development and inspiration. Never within the knowledge of the oldest of us has a single term given to the students richer treats along all lines of Berea's school life than the term that has just closed. The educational, the entertainment, the athletic and the religious programs have all been of a high quality.

The Fall Term was opened with a series of moving picture entertainments. The pictures were both entertaining and instructive. They were thoroughly enjoyed by the students, who manifested their appreciation by their courtesy and splendid conduct. The latter part of October brought the inauguration of our new President. Few schools in America can record in their histories a more notable occasion than this inauguration season. Twenty-five universities, colleges and Normal schools sent their representatives to participate.

skill and sportsmanship, to the admiration of the entire student body. Wholesome rivalry, team play, and every other athletic virtue were developed to a marked degree. Our recreational work, both in mass play and in the major sports, has made a long step in the direction of permanent intramural sports in Berea. Much credit for our success in this line is due to Assistant Professor Ross, the new athletic director.

The final evidence of Berea's triumph this fall was the physical condition of our students as attested by the hospital reports. The record for this fall shows that we had fewer people in the hospital than during the same period for the past four years. God has been gracious in this. He has given us a full measure of joy, and a minimum of sorrow.

## Letter to New Students

Dear Student:

The two weeks' vacation at Christmas time flies on the wings of an eagle. Before you have had time to

## Only America Can Keep These Pots Boiling



This snapshot of an American feeding kitchen in still prostrate eastern Europe shows what America means to the otherwise helpless childhood of the war-swept nations. Funds supporting these outposts of succor and other agencies for the relief of children stricken by the disease caused by under-nutrition have run out, and that the work may not cease, depriving millions of the innocent of their only hope for life, eight great American relief organizations under the name of the European Relief Council are banding together in a joint appeal to the American conscience in their behalf. These agencies are the American Relief Administration, the American Red Cross, the American Friends' Service Committee (Quakers), the Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, the Knights of Columbus, the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A.

## AN APPEAL TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

Three and one-half million children in Eastern and Central Europe have no alternative to disaster between now and next harvest except American aid. For months these most helpless sufferers in the track of war have been admitted to American feeding-stations only if tragically undernourished, and have received American medical aid only if desperately threatened by death from disease.

Winter is closing down. The money of many nations is valueless outside their own boundaries. Economic and crop conditions make famine, with its terrible train of diseases, a certain visitor until next harvest. Inevitably the helpless children will suffer most. No child can grow to health and sanity on the pitiful makeshifts for food with which millions of European adults must content themselves this winter. It is obvious that the remedy can come only from outside.

America saved 6,000,000 European children winter before last. Normal recuperation cut the need nearly in half last year, but unusual conditions have resulted in scant shrinkage of child destitution during the twelvemonth just past. The response of America must now decide whether \$500,000 of these charges, in acute distress, shall begin to be turned away in January from more than 17,000 asylums, hospitals, clinics and feeding-stations dependent on American support. There would be no tragedy in history so sweeping as so destructive of those who can deserve no evil.

The undersigned organizations, working among every race and creed, many engaged also in other forms of relief, agree unanimously that the plight of these helpless children should have complete priority in overseas charity until the situation is met. This is an issue without politics and without religious lines. There can be no danger of pauperization, for the \$23,000,000 for child food, and the \$10,000,000 for medical service that we seek, will relieve only the critical cases. The medical supplies, of course, must be an unqualified gift, but for every American dollar used in child-feeding, the governments and communities aided furnish two dollars in the form of transportation, rent, labor, clerical help, cash contributions and such food supplies as are locally obtainable.

America has not failed in the past in great heartedness. She has never had a more poignant call than this. Contributions should be turned over to the local committees which are now being formed for this national collection, or sent to Franklin K. Lane, Treasurer, Guaranty Trust Co., New York City.

### EUROPEAN RELIEF COUNCIL

Herbert Hoover, Chairman

Franklin K. Lane, Treasurer

#### Comprising:

American Relief Administration, by Edgar Richard, Director  
American Red Cross, by Arthur J. Brown  
Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, by Arthur J. Brown  
Knights of Columbus, by James A. Faherty, Supreme Knight  
Y. M. C. A., by C. V. Hibbard, International Committee  
Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, by Y. W. C. A., by Miss Sarah S. Lyon, National Board  
Felix Warburg

## Kentucky News

Three men were arrested, three stills captured, seven outfits destroyed and a large quantity of moonshine whisky and still beer poured out by federal officers in a raid along Tug river Saturday, and which continued until Sunday morning.

Washington, Dec. 11.—A stirring recommendation to Congress that the Mammoth Cave region of Kentucky be purchased and added to the National park system is one of the outstanding features of the annual report of Stephen T. Mather, director of the National park service.

Field agents of the prohibition department (Continued on Page Six)

## U. S. News

Washington, Dec. 8.—The net cost of the war in dollars to the American Government was fixed by Secretary of the Treasury David Franklin Houston today at \$24,010,000,000.

Washington, Dec. 8.—Republican members of Congress took the first steps today toward revision of tax and tariff laws at the extra session to be called soon after March 4.

Washington, Dec. 13.—Appeal of most of the war-time laws was voted today by the House, which adopted the Volstead resolution for that purpose after two hours of debate.

Marion, Dec. 11.—President-elect (Continued on Page Six)

## BIG NAVY DESIRED

SECRETARY DANIELS DESIRES  
THREE-YEAR NAVY BUILDING  
PROGRAM.

Because Country Is Out of League of Nations—Pacific Defense Cited as Leading Problem—Increased Facilities Required For Hawaii.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Washington.—Approval of another three-year naval building program, involving the construction of 88 vessels, if the United States does not enter the League of Nations or a similar world organization, is given by Secretary Daniels in his annual report to President Wilson. "If the United States is not to enter into any agreements with the other Powers of the earth, which now are bound together in the League of Nations," says the naval secretary, "I feel compelled to approve the recommendation of the general board that Congress authorize another three-year program to be begun as soon as the capital ships under construction are launched." The three-year program recommended by the General Board to be under way by 1924 includes the construction of three battle ships, one battle cruiser, 30 light cruisers, 8 gunboats, 18 destroyer leaders, 12 mine-laying submarines, 6 cruiser submarines, 4 airplane carriers, 3 destroyer tenders and 3 submarine tenders.

"If the United States takes its stand with other countries in an organization to prevent war and promote peace," Mr. Daniels says, "our present navy, with the addition of some special types, will be adequate for our defense and prevention of aggression." No specific recommendations for appropriations for new construction during the next fiscal year are included in the Secretary's report, but his estimate of the cost of maintaining the naval establishment for the coming year is \$679,515,731, exclusive of any sums Congress may add for new building. This is \$240,000,000 more than was appropriated for the present fiscal year, but Mr. Daniels says the sum "is not really an increase," but is "necessary to carry on the construction of ships already authorized and the completion of ship establishments already begun by direction of Congress."

The most pressing problem confronting the nation with regard to the national defense, the Naval Secretary continues, is the immediate necessity for increasing the naval shore establishment facilities on the Pacific Coast.

### Agitators Profiteering in Morals.

New York.—"The Scriptures tell us to remember to keep holy the Sabbath Day, but also command that 'thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor.'" William A. Brady, president of the National Association of the Motion Picture Industry, so declared in a stinging attack upon the advocates of the return of a "blue-law" Sunday—"self-appointed guardian angels" and self-appointed "saviors of the nation," he styled them. Mr. Brady was replying to an attack on motion pictures, in which warning was given against "the menace of the movie," which, it was added, was "in the hands of the devil and 500 un-Christian persons."

### Expulsions Stir Church Members.

Passaic, N. J.—"A true follower of God may stray from the straight and narrow path but with God's help, he can come back, as Paul did." This was the prelude to the expulsion from the Netherlands Reformed Church here of Mr. and Mrs. Marinus Hannenberg, parents of Miss Trina Hannenberg, who disappeared November 12, at the same time the pastor of the church, Rev. Cornelius Densel, also disappeared. Both returned recently.

### Officials Seek Ford.

New York.—Representatives of the Federal District Attorney here have started a nation-wide search for Henry Ford, Detroit automobile manufacturer, who is sought as a Government witness in the trial of Dr. Edward A. Rumely, charged with having concealed the alleged German ownership of the New York Evening Mail during part of the World War. Efforts to serve a subpoena on Mr. Ford became known when it was said a process server had been attempting to reach him for a month.

## World News

The sessions of the League of Nations give evidence that the great nations of Europe have brought into this place of general discussion some of their paramount interests. England and France especially rivaled each other in seeking to commit the League to policies that would lead to the advantage of one or the other, and France seems to have succeeded best. The mediation of Armenia's cause was advocated by France, while England desired a joint expedition to hasten the settlement because a restoration of order in Asia is to her interest. France is willing that the process be longer in order to divert England from her plans along the German border.

General interest attached to the last message of President Wilson to Congress. It was not delivered in person but read in the usual form. The message was a strong and final appeal to the United States to take an interest in the welfare of the world. It asked for financial aid to Armenia if a mandate was not to be accepted. Another recommendation of importance was the granting of independence to the Philippines. A bill for this purpose has been before Congress but has not yet been passed. A favorable comment by Japan on this feature of the measure is not likely to help the cause, especially before a Republican Congress.

The South American state of Chile is seeking to carry through an important electoral reform. The present method of electing a president is indirect and requires a period of five months to accomplish. The proposed plan would allow the two houses of Parliament sitting together and including a group of electors chosen for the purpose, to make the choices. There is some public opinion in favor of direct election by the people. This reform measure is a good indication that the South American republics are ambitious to be up-to-date in their methods.

England is firm in making it clear to Ireland that no concessions may be expected until the present methods of revolt are stopped. It is reported that an effort is being made to find out just what terms might be made with the Sinn-Feiners. That England is not favorable to any outside interferences is shown by her refusal to endorse passports to American travelers desiring to go to Ireland, even though they are issued by the American Secretary of State. This is her right by international law, as our country has sometimes done the same with English travelers bearing English passports on the way to Canada.

It is reported that Germans in Hapburg are planning a great German League to include all Germans wherever they may be. This league will not seek to function along political lines, except among those who have not been naturalized in other countries. It will, however, seek to enlist their aid in furthering Germany's commercial interests. For a country outside of the League of Nations and with heavy burdens to bear for many years such a plan may aid in passing through the present emergency. It is open, however, to serious objection on the part of other countries.

The great need for food and clothing in the countries of eastern Europe, some of the Central Powers, and China is awakening interest and sympathy as the Christmas season comes around. Especially sad is the condition among the children where millions are starving, and there is little prospect of change except as help comes from outside. The leadership of Mr. Hoover in the relief work is sufficient guarantee that the need is real and that the help given will reach the object for which it is given.



Entrance to Library

Speeches that will be remembered for many years were made by prominent educators from both North and South.

The Berea Pageant, put on by our own Berea teachers and students, was an unusual production, portraying in a vivid manner the historical development of the mountain region. Another great treat for the student body was the State Y. M. C. A. Convention, which was of particular interest to the boys, and which also provided a number of fine inspirational addresses that were equally interesting to the girls. The term closed with the great oratorio of the Messiah, rendered by the Harmonia Society and four highly trained soloists from a distance. Besides these feature events, that were looked forward to weeks in advance, there were scattered through the term inspirational addresses and sermons, such as those given by Mr. Sam Higginbottom, the agricultural expert of India.

The story would not be complete if mention were not made of the athletic and recreational work of the Fall Term. Splendid teams in all the five schools were developed in soccer and football. Students who had never before played either game developed

appreciate the fact that Christmas is here, it will be time for you to leave for Berea. Because the calendar does not conform to our term plan this year, we are compelled to begin the Winter Term before New Year's Day. You can leave home two days after Christmas day and arrive in Berea in time for the opening, Wednesday, December 29.

We are looking for a large crowd this winter and will ask you to cooperate with us in every way possible in making the entrance days easy and comfortable. You certainly have reserved your room before now and have no worries of your own. Be careful with your money and pay no attention to strangers who are trying to be unusually friendly.

We are prepared to take care of your trunks when you arrive, but you must not give up your check until you reach the College. Sometimes men who are not responsible for prompt delivery of trunks collect checks and cause inconvenience.

If you know of a friend who is planning to come to Berea this winter find out if he has reserved his room with a deposit. If he has not, tell him to send the deposit of \$4.00

(Continued on Page Eight)